## **Features**

- +115°C Maximum Case Temperature
- -45°C Minimum Case Temperature

## ICE Technology\*

- Built-in EMC FilterRibbed Case Style
- 2250VDC Isolation
- Wide 4:1 Input Voltage Range
- Built-in EMC Filter, EN-55022 Class B

#### Description

The RPP30 series 4:1 input range DC/DC converters are ideal for high end industrial applications and COTS Military applications where a very wide operating temperature range of -45°C to +115°C is required. Although the case size is very compact, the converter contains a built-in EMC filter EN-55022 Class B without the need for any external components. The RPP30 is available in a ribbed case style for active cooling. They are UL-60950-1 certified.

## RECOM DC/DC Converter

### **RPP30-2412SW**

30 Watt 4:1 2" x 1.2" Ribbed Style Single Output

Selection Guide								
Part Number	Input Voltage Range [VDC]	Input Current [mA]	Output Voltage [VDC]	Output Current [mA]	Efficiency typ. [%]	Max. Capacitive Load [µF]		
RPP30-2412SW	9-36	1440	12	2500	88	1000		

Notes:

Note1: Typical values at nominal input voltage and full load.



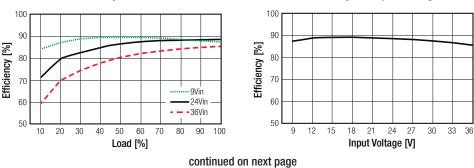
#### Specifications (measured @ ta= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

BASIC CHARACTERISTICS							
Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.			
Input Voltage Range	nom. Vin= 24VDC	9VDC	24VDC	36VDC			
Transient Input Voltage	≤100ms			50VDC			
Inrush Current	with EMC Filter without EMC Filter			20A 40A			
Under Voltage Lockout	DC-DC ON DC-DC OFF	8.5VDC		8VDC			
Remote ON/OFF	ON / high logic OFF / low logic	Open, 4.5V Short, 0V		5.5V 1.2V			
Remote OFF Input Voltage	nominal input		5mA				
Start-up Time	when use CTRL function		20ms				
Internal Operating Frequency		220kHz	260kHz	300kHz			
Output Voltage Trimming			±10%				
Efficiency	typ. Vin, full load	87%	88%				
Minimum Load		0%					
Output Ripple and Noise	20MHz limited, 1µF output MLCC		120mVp-p	180mVp-p			



UL-60950-1 Certified EN-55022 Certified

#### Efficiency vs. Load



#### \* ICE Technology

ICE (Innovation in Converter Excellence) uses state-of-the-art techniques to minimise internal power dissipation and to increase the internal temperature limits to extend the ambient operating temperature range to the maximum.

Efficiency vs. Input Voltage

# **RPP30-2412SW**

**Series** 

Specifications (measured @ ta= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

#### **Trimming Output Voltage**

Only the single output converters have a trim function that allows users to adjust the output voltage from +10% to -10%, please refer to the trim table that follow for details. Adjustment to the output voltage can be used with a simple fixed resistor as shown in Figures 1 and 2. A single fixed resistor can increase or decrease the output voltage depending on its connection. Resistor should be located close to the converter. If the trim function is not used, leave the trim pin open.

Trim adjustments higher than the specified range can have an adverse effect on the converter's performance and are not recommended. Excessive voltage differences between output voltage sense voltage, in conjunction with trim adjustment of the output voltage; can cause the OVP circuitry to activate. Thermal derating is based on maximum output current and voltage at the converter's output pins. Use of the trim and sense function can cause output voltages to increase, thereby increasing output power beyond the converter's specified rating. Therefore: (Vout at Pins) X (lout)  $\leq$  rated output power.

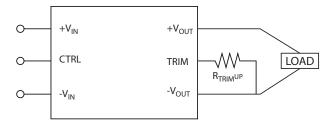
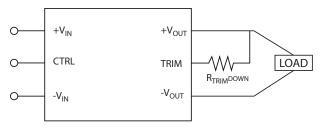
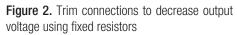


Figure 1. Trim connections to increase output voltage using fixed resistors

			Tri	im up	resist	tor val	ue (K	Ω)		
Vout	1%	2%	3%	4%	5%	6%	7%	8%	9%	10%
12VDC	238.7	113.1	68.2	46.3	32.1	22.4	15.4	9.8	6.5	3.2





	Trim down resistor value (K $\Omega$ )									
Vout	-1%	-2%	-3%	-4%	-5%	-6%	-7%	-8%	-9%	-10%
12VDC	322.2	137.2	81.1	53.1	35.5	24.0	16.0	9.7	5.0	1.3

REGULATIONS						
Parameter	Condition	Value				
Output Voltage Accuracy	50% load	±1.5% max.				
Line Voltage Regulation	low line to high line	±0.3% max.				
Load Voltage Regulation	10% to 100% load	±0.5% max.				
Transient Response	25% load step change, $\Delta lo/\Delta t$ =2.5A/us	800µs typ.				
Transient Peak Deviation	25% load step change, $\Delta lo/\Delta t$ =2.5A/us	±2%Vout max.				

Parameter	Condition	Value
Output Power Protection (OPP)	Hiccup Mode	120% typ.
Over Voltage Protection (OVP)	10% load	120% typ.
Over Temperature Protection (OTP)	case temperature	120°C, auto-recovery
Isolation Voltage	I/P to O/P, at 70% RH I/P to Case, O/P to Case	2250VDC / 1 Minute 1500VDC / 1 Minute
Isolation Resistance	I/P to O/P , at 70% RH	100MΩ min.
Isolation Capacitance	I/P to O/P	1500pF typ.

Note2: This Power Module is not internally fused. A input fuse must be always used. Recommended Fuse: T5A

# **RPP30-2412SW**

### **Series**

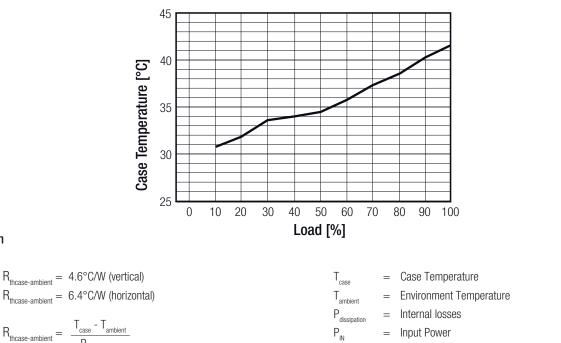
#### Specifications (measured @ ta= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

ENVIRONMENTAL							
Parameter	Condition		Value				
Relative Humidity			95%, non condensing				
Temperature Coefficient			±0.04% / °C max.				
Thermal Impedance	natural convection, mounting at FR4	vertical	4.6°C/W				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(254x254mm) PCB	horizontal	6.4°C/W				
Operating Temperature Range	ange start up at -45°C		-45°C to (see calculation)				
Maximum Case Temperature			+115°C				
MTBF	according to MIL-HDBK-217F (+	50°C G.B.)	609 x 10 <sup>3</sup> hours				
IVIIDE	according to BellCore-TR-332 (+	50°C G.B.)	1541 x 10 <sup>3</sup> hours				

#### **Derating Graph**

Calculation

(Ta= +25°C, natural convection, typ. Vin and vertical mounting)



P<sub>OUT</sub>

Output Power

=

$$R_{\text{thcase-ambient}} = \frac{\Gamma_{\text{case}} - \Gamma_{\text{ambient}}}{P_{\text{dissipation}}}$$

$$P_{dissipation} = P_{IN} - P_{OUT} = \frac{P_{OUTapp}}{\eta} - P_{OUTapp} - P_{OUTapp} + P_{OUTapp} +$$

#### **Practical Example:**

Take the RPP30-2412SW with 50% load. What is the maximum ambient operating temperature? Use converter vertical in application.

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Eff}_{min} = 87\% @ V_{nom} \\ & P_{OUT} = 30W \\ & P_{OUTapp} = 30 \text{ x } 0.5 = 15W \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & P_{dissipation} = \frac{P_{OUTapp}}{\eta} - P_{OUTapp} \\ & P_{dissipation} = \frac{P_{OUTapp}}{\eta} - P_{OUTapp} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & R_{th} = \frac{T_{casemax} - T_{ambient}}{P_{dissipation}} \\ & --> 4.6^{\circ}\text{C/W} = \frac{115^{\circ}\text{C} - T_{ambient}}{2.05W} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \eta = \sim 88\% \text{ (from Eff vs Load Graph)} \\ & P_{dissipation} = \frac{15}{0.88} - 15 = 2.05W \end{aligned}$$

continued on next page

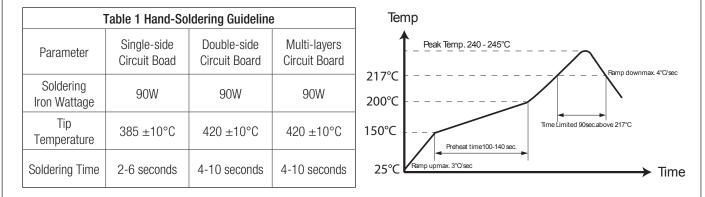
# **RPP30-2412SW**

### **Series**

#### Specifications (measured @ ta= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

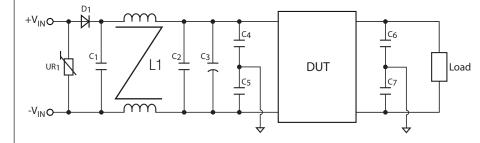
#### Soldering

Hand Soldering	Wave Soldering
Hand Soldering is the least preferred method because the amount of	High temperature and long soldering time will result in IMC layer
solder applied, the time the soldering iron is held on the joint, the	increasing in thickness and thereby shorten the solder joint lifetime.
temperature of the iron and the temperature of the solder joint are	Therefore the peak temperature over 245°C is not suggested due
variable.	to the potential reliability risk of components under continuous high-
The recommended hand soldering guideline is listed in Table 1. The	temperature. In the meanwhile, the soldering time of temperature
suggested soldering process must keep the power module's internal	above 217°C should be less than 90 seconds. Please refer to the sol-
temperature below the critical temperature of 217°C continuously.	dering profile below for recommended temperature profile parameters.



SAFETY AND CERTIFICATIONS							
Certificate Type (Safety)	Report Number	Standard					
Information Technology Equipment, General Requirements for Safety	E224236	UL-60950-1, 1st Edition					
Certificate Type (Environmental)	Condition	Standard / Criterion					
Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement		EN55022, Class B					
ESD Immunity Test	±8kV Air Discharge, ±6kV Contact Discharge	IEC61000-4-2, Criteria B					
RF Field Strengh Susceptibility Test	10V/m	IEC61000-4-3, Criteria A					
Electrical Fast Transient Test / Burst Immunity Text	±4kV Applied	IEC61000-4-4, Criteria B					
Surge Immunity Test	±4kV Applied	IEC61000-4-5, Criteria B					
Conducted Disturbance Susceptibility Test	10V rms	IEC61000-4-6, Criteria A					
Vibration	50-150Hz, along X, Y and Z	EN60068-2-6					
Thermal Cycling (complies with MIL-STD-810F)	12 cycles	EN60068-2-14					
Shock	5g / 30ms	EN60068-2-27					

#### **EMC Filtering - Suggestions**



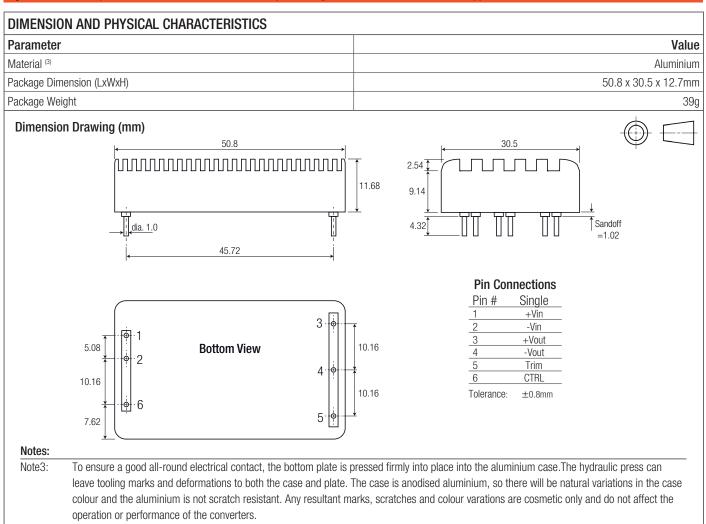
It is recommended to add UR1, D1 and C1 in railway application. C1, L1, C2 and C3 can be modified for required EMI standards. To meet EN61000-4-2, module case should be earth grounded. We offer independent case pin option on request, the location is upon pin 1.

Standard	UR1	D1	C1	L1	C2	C3	C4, C5, C6, C7
EN55022 Class B	MOV 14D361K	EOV / OA	1.5µF / 250V	550µH ±20%	6.8µF / 50V	330µF / 50V	0.47nF Y1-Cap
EN61000-4-2, 3, 4, 5, 6		MOV 14D361K 50V / 9A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

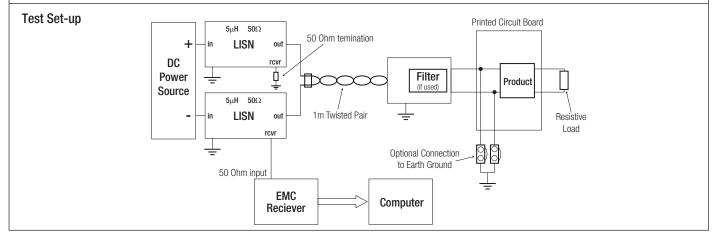
# **RPP30-2412SW**

### **Series**





#### **INSTALLATION and APPLICATION**



PACKAGING INFORMATION						
Parameter	Туре	Value				
Packaging Dimension (LxWxH)	Tube	160.0 x 55.0 x 20.0mm				
Packaging Quantity		4pcs				
Storage Temperature Range		-55°C to +125°C				

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